## **Project Specifications**

* Physical memory is an integer array PM[524288]
* The disk (when implementing demand paging) is an integer array D[1024][512]
* All VAs and PAs are integers
* The size of s, p, and w is 9 bits each.
* The VM manager initializes the PM from an input file consisting of 2 lines.
  + Line 1 contains triples of integers, which define the contents of the ST
  + Line 2 contains triples of integers, which define the contents of the PTs
  + The initialization file is syntactically correct in that:
    - Line 1 correctly specifies 1 or more segment table entries
    - Line 2 correctly specifies 0 or more entries in PTs for the segments specified on line 1
* The VM manager then reads VAs from another input file, attempts to translate each into a PA, and write the results into an output file
* The basic version of the VM manager does not support demand paging and is worth 60% of the credit for the project
* The extended version of the VM manager must support demand paging and is worth 100% of the credit for the project
* For demand paging, the PM will always have a sufficient number of free frames available so that no page replacement algorithm is needed.

**Simple test cases**

**Without demand paging:**

* The initialization file contains the 2 lines:

6 3000 4

6 5 9

* The input file contains:

1575424 1575863 1575864

* The output file should contain:

4608 5047 -1

**With demand paging:**

* The initialization file contains the 2 lines:

8 4000 3 9 5000 -7

8 0 10 8 1 -20 9 0 13 9 1 -25

* That means, frames 0, 1, 3, 10, 13 are occupied. The following VA translations use the free frames 2, 4, 5 when a page fault occurs.
* The input file contains:

2097162 2097674 2359306 2359818

* The output file should contain:

5130 1034 6666 2570